

Introduction to using 'articles'

Articles are words or phrases that come at the beginning of a noun phrase telling us whether the information is new or familiar. They also tell us something about quantity.

Categories of Articles

- Indefinite article: *a* and *an*
- Definite article: the

Note: We use the term *zero article or []* for instances where the article is left out.

Idioms and other Fixed Expressions

- In a lot of idiomatic expressions, articles are used or left out for no apparent reasons other than they belong or don't belong in the expressions.
- In these instances, learners have to remember the whole phrase, ignoring general rules or sub-rules.

Examples			
a bit of	in a hurry	make a start	have a drink
on the coast	in the pink	off the record	do a turn
go to the wall	play <i>the</i> blues	through <i>the</i> nose	
in [] debt	on [] Ioan	out of [] action	

Where do articles appear in sentences?

Articles are part of noun phrases and come:

- at the beginning, immediately before a noun or an adjective
- before a combination of adverb, adjective and noun

Examples I heard *a* noise (noun) I heard *an* eerie noise (adjective + noun) I heard *the* strangely muffled noise (adverb + adjective + noun).



How do we choose articles?

The kind of noun that follows the article affects our choice.

- We can leave out articles before:
 - o plural nouns: [] Dreams often come true
 - o uncountable nouns: Give me [] money
- An article is only left out before a singular noun if it is replaced with another determiner:
 - o possessive adjectives: *her* brother
 - o demonstrative adjectives: *that* book
 - o many quantifiers: *any* occasion, *each* day

Examples

a/an	Singular nouns <i>a</i> book	Plural nouns -	Uncountable nouns -
no article	-	[] books	[] rice
the	the book	the books	<i>the</i> rice

References

Adapted from Parrott, M. (2010). *Grammar for English language teachers*. Cambridge University Press.