

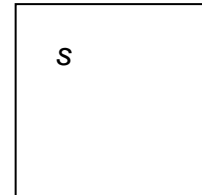
Supplementary Questions From The Westpac Australian Mathematics Competition

*Relevant Stimulus Material*

The following information will be of use in some of the questions.

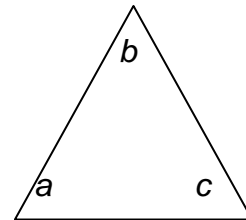
Square: Area and perimeter.

The area of a square is the length of the side multiplied by itself, and the perimeter is 4 times the length of the side.

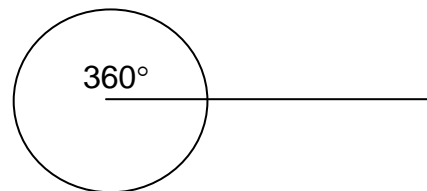
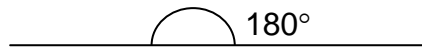
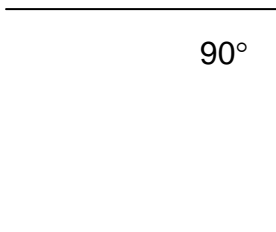


The angles in a triangle always add up to  $180^\circ$ .

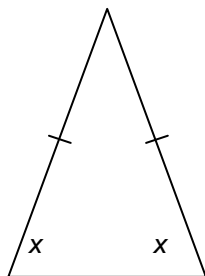
$$a+b+c=180^\circ$$



There are  $90^\circ$  in a right angle,  $180^\circ$  in a straight line and  $360^\circ$  in a full circle.

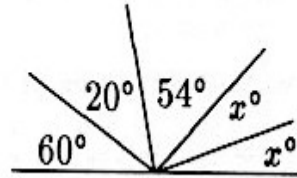


Sides marked with dashes are of equal length. A triangle with two equal sides has equal angles at the bases of those sides.



9. In the diagram  $x$  equals

- (A) 34            (B) 33            (C) 46  
 (D) 67            (E) 23



19. A normal duck has two legs. A lame duck has one leg. A sitting duck has no legs. There are 33 ducks with a total of 32 legs. The total number of normal ducks and lame ducks is twice the number of sitting ducks. The number of lame ducks is

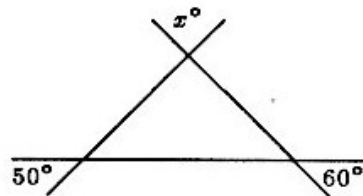
- (A) 9            (B) 10            (C) 11            (D) 12            (E) 13

7. The area of a square is 25 square centimetres. Its perimeter, in centimetres, is

- (A) 16            (B) 15            (C) 20            (D) 10            (E) 25

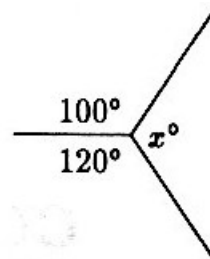
8. In the diagram,  $x$  equals

- (A) 50            (B) 60            (C) 70            (D) 110            (E) 65

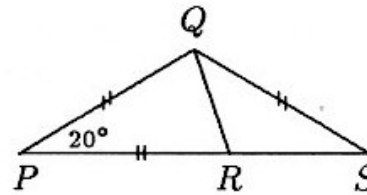


2. In the diagram  $x$  equals

- (A) 100            (B) 110            (C) 120  
 (D) 130            (E) 140



14. In the diagram  $PQ = PR = QS$  and  $\angle QPR = 20^\circ$ . The size of  $\angle RQS$ , in degrees, is



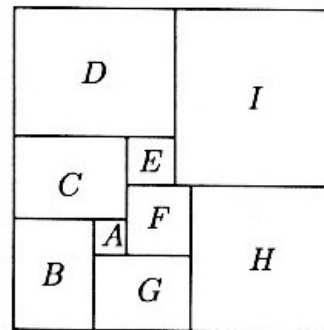
- (A) 20      (B) 40      (C) 60      (D) 80      (E) 100

15. The average of four numbers is 48. If 8 is subtracted from each number the average of the four new numbers is

- (A) 16      (B) 40      (C) 46      (D) 44      (E) 6

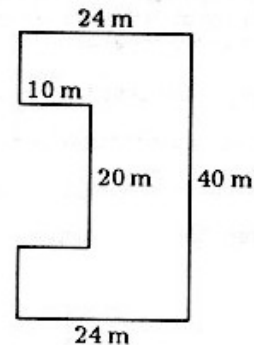
22. Nine squares are arranged as shown. If square  $A$  has area  $1 \text{ cm}^2$  and square  $B$  has area  $81 \text{ cm}^2$  then the area, in square centimetres, of square  $I$  is

- (A) 196      (B) 256      (C) 289  
(D) 324      (E) 361



13. Lawn food is to be applied to a lawn at the rate of  $2.5 \text{ kg per } 100 \text{ m}^2$ . The lawn has dimensions as shown in the diagram, and all angles are right angles. The amount of lawn food needed, in kilograms, is

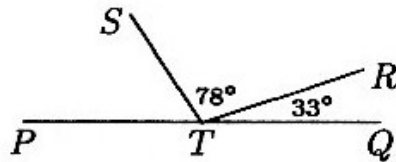
- (A) 18      (B) 19      (C) 20  
(D) 22      (E) 24



4. The next two whole numbers greater than 10 009 are

- (A) 10 010 and 10 011      (B) 10 007 and 10 008  
(C) 10 100 and 10 101      (D) 10 101 and 10 102  
(E) 11 000 and 11 001

5.  $PQ$  is a straight line. The size of angle  $STP$ , in degrees, is



- (A) 249      (B) 101      (C) 111      (D) 69      (E) 89