

Responsible Generative Al Integration in Higher Education

Balancing Enhancement, Integrity, and Future Skills

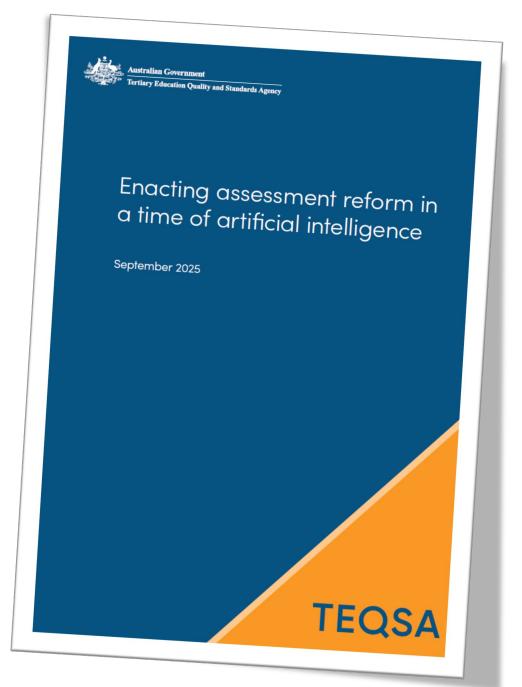
Shokry Abdelaal, Amanda Janssen, El-Sayed Abdelaal, Abdullatif Lacina Diaby, Elizabeth Smith



TEQSA: Assessment reform

Gaps.. Disconnected dots:

- Limited Scope Focusing on Assurance Over Ethical Engagement....
 Need for Holistic Approach
- Difficulty in Detecting AI Use...Need for New Strategies
- Risk of Reverting to Inequitable Formats... Marginalisation of Diverse Learners
- Programmatic Assurance Gaps (Pathways 2 and 3)... Strategies for stakeholder engagement.
- Viability of Digital/Asynchronous Assessment.... Flexibility and Accessibility
- Pathways are interim solutions..... Future-State Pedagogy Vision: adaptive, student-centred, and deeply integrated with technology.



TEQSA: Assessment reform

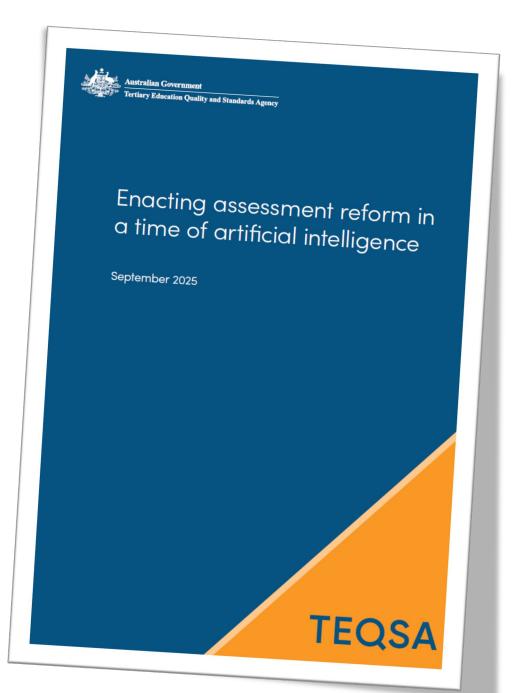
Missing voices:

- STUDENTS
- INDUSTRY, EMPLOYERS
- ACADEMIC SUPPORT SERVICES

Students: "How are student perspectives integrated into assessment review processes?"

Industry, Employers and Workplace Professionals

support services: including academic development, student support, technical infrastructure, digital learning teams, and library and information services



OUR PROJECT: Mitigating the Risk of Academic Misconduct in Higher Education

Students
"Learning"

Academic

"Teaching"

Integrity



"Assessment"

Industry / Employers

"Competencies/Skills"

Background Context literature

What do we know so far?

Background Context literature

What do we know so far?

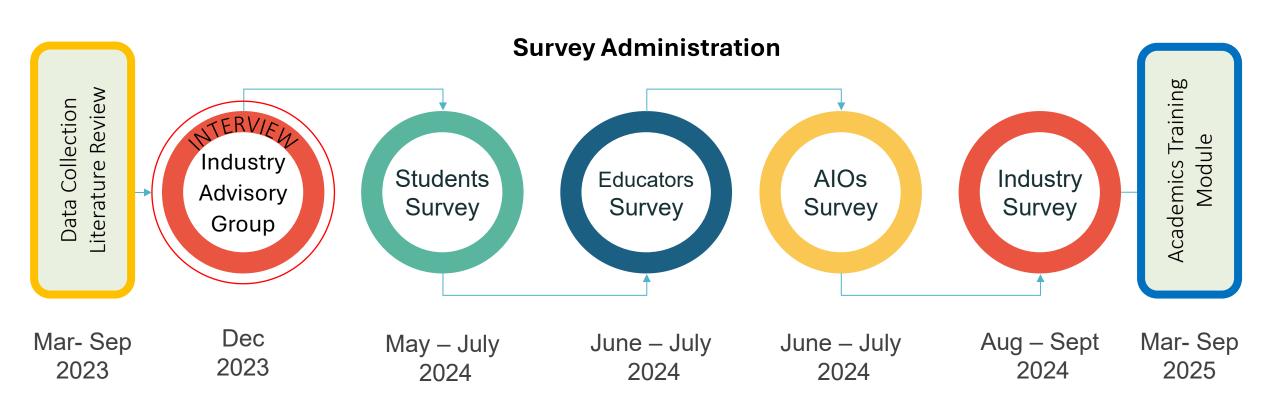
Background Context literature

What do we know so far?

Background Context literature

What do we know so far?

Timeline (Mar 2023-Sep 2025)





How the research domains intersect:

The project considered the multifaceted nature of the research problem.

Acknowledging the voice of all stakeholders involved

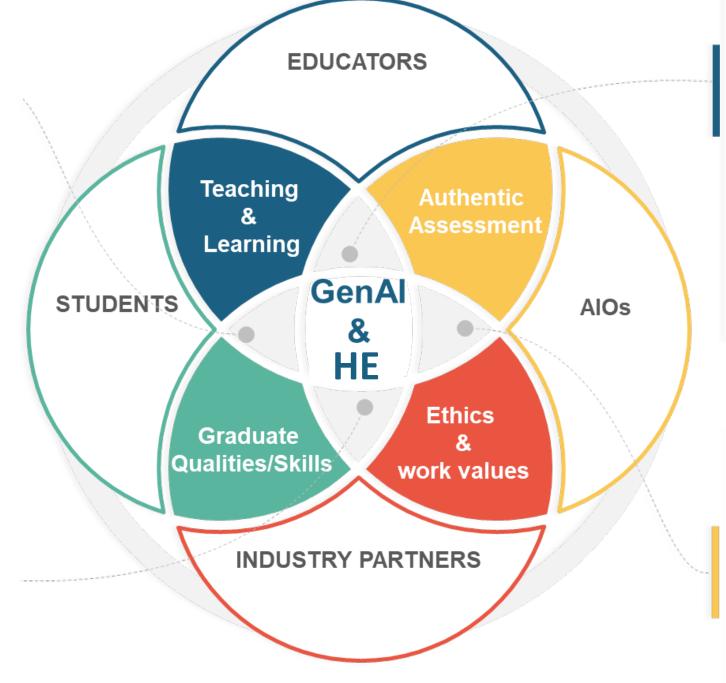
Students – Educators: T&L Experience

Students – Industry: Graduates Qualities/skills

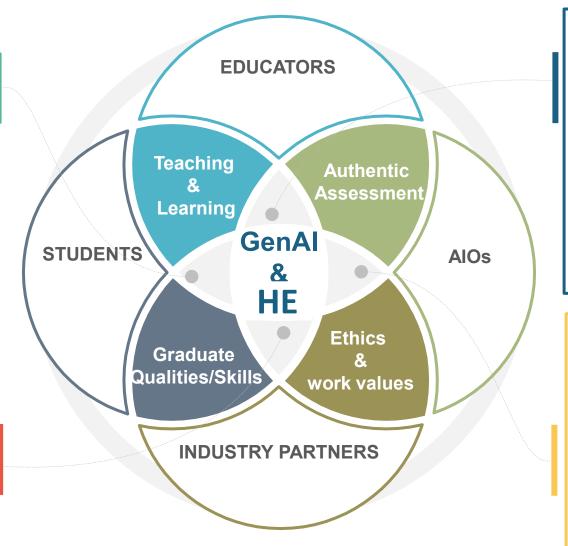
Industry – AIOs: Ethics and Values

Educators-AIOs: Authenticity, evidence of

learning



- How do disciplinary contexts, GenAl experience levels, and linguistic backgrounds shape student perceptions of GenAl's benefits and risks?
- What specific support and teaching strategies are needed to integrate GenAl into curricula?
- What are the key impacts of GenAl on industry practices and workforce requirements?
- What essential skills and qualities do industries expect from graduates in this era?



- What are educators' perspectives on the integration of GenAl writing tools and their potential impact on authentic learning?
- What strategies can be implemented to design assessments suitable for the genAl era?
- What is the extent of AIOs'
 exposure to and
 familiarity with GenAI
 tools?
- How do AIOs perceive GenAI's impact on assessment security and academic integrity in higher education?

Conceptual Framework / Working Model

derived from the empirical data synthesis

Gen Al: Industry Reform

Graduate Employability

Redefining competencies and skill gaps

Industry Transformation

Automating tasks and improving decision-making

Workforce Dynamics

Reshaping roles and expectations

Generative Al

The core technology creating new content

Industry Transformation

Automation, Decision-making, Digital Reform

Workplace Dynamics

Roles, Expectations, Flexibility, High order thinking

Graduate Employability

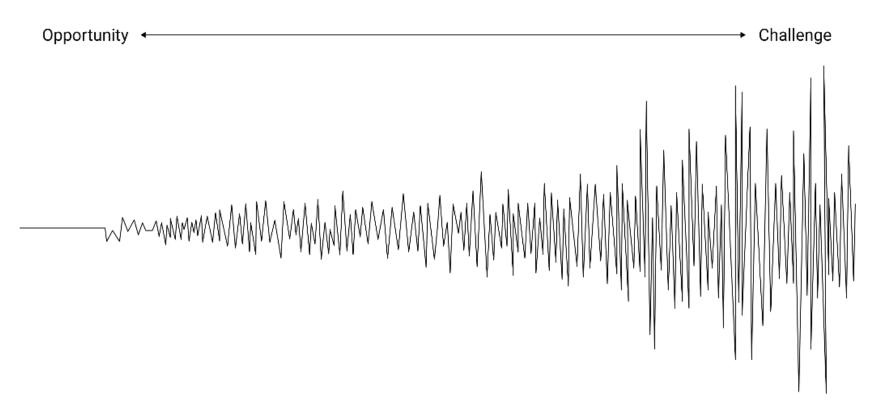
Competencies, Skill gaps, Job readiness

Economic Growth

Al Core technology, new domains, new industries



HEIs Graduates: Challenges Vs Opportunities



Automation		
Speeds up routine tasks		

(36% of participants)

Data Analysis

Improves decisionmaking processes

(45% of participants)

Productivity

Increases efficiency in operations

(65% of participants)

Ethical

Concerns

Raises bias,

privacy, IP

issues

Over-reliance

Causes loss of human judgment

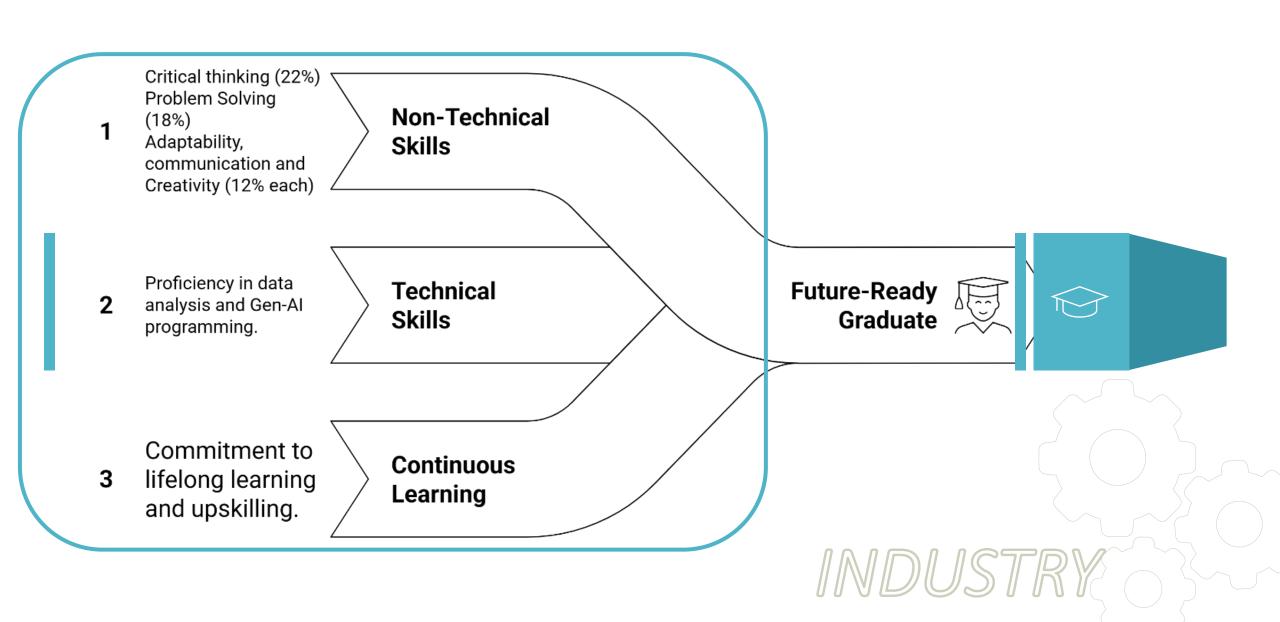
(87% of participants)

Job Displacement

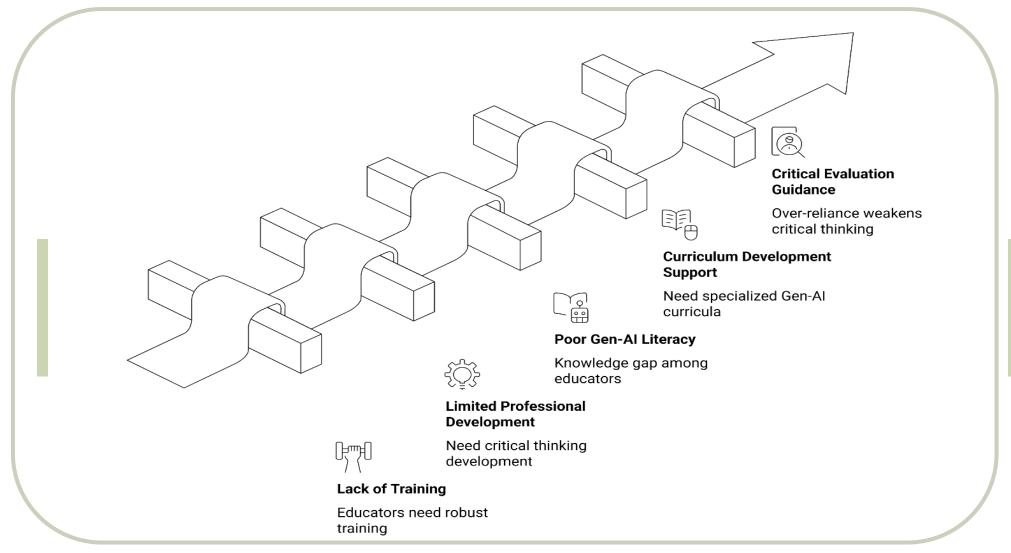
Creates skills gaps and displacement



Essential Graduate Skills required by Industry/Employers



Educators' Essential Toolkit: Industry View







The integration of GenAI: Students' View

- General Acceptance with Caution: most students favour allowing GenAI use "with some limitations or guidelines"
- Primary Uses and Perceived Benefits: understanding concepts and brainstorming or generating ideas, for ESL students. Supplementary for clarifying complex topics, improving writing, and supporting more efficient research methods.
- Disciplinary Differences in Perspective:
 - STEM and Education students tend to see benefits in GenAl for generating insights and organising ideas.
 - Clinical & Health Sciences and Business students express more caution
 - Clinical Health students expressed the most vigorous opposition to permitting GenAl use, citing ethical concerns about medical data.





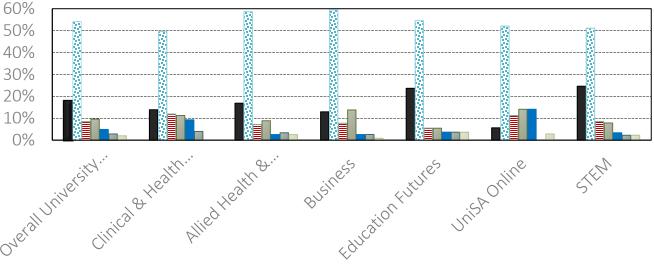




Moving forward: Students View

- Need for Clear Guidance and Training: Students expressed confusion due to mixed messaging on GenAI use, highlighting the need for universities to create clear, discipline-specific rules and to offer workshops or training on appropriate use and relevant tools.
- Key Ethical and Practical Concerns:
 - Academic Integrity: GenAI is perceived as a threat to the value of qualifications and assessment fairness..
 - Over-reliance: Students fear that GenAI could erode crucial competencies.
 - **Bias and Misinformation:** opaque data sources, unreliable outputs, and the reinforcement of pre-existing prejudices.
 - Equity and Access: limited digital access could deepen existing educational disadvantage

- Yes, I believe these tools are beneficial for learning and should be allowed.
- 🖾 Yes, but with some limitations or guidelines to ensure fair use.
- No, I think these tools could compromise academic integrity and shouldn't be used.
- No, but I think they could be useful in non-academic settings.



Students' perspectives on the Permissibility of GenAl Tools across academic units



What was Unique about the Students' View? Full integration, Equal access & Training



institutions should provide campus licenses for **core tools** and embed digital-literacy modules to address these specific access issues.

Specific, Hands-On Training and Procedural Clarity

Workshops & training as an introduction to tools that are useful in **specific disciplines** or courses.



Disciplinary Opposition Driven by Professional Ethics.

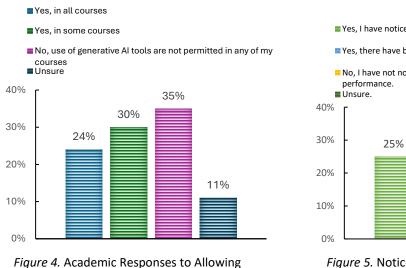
cited ethical concerns specific to medical and healthcare education



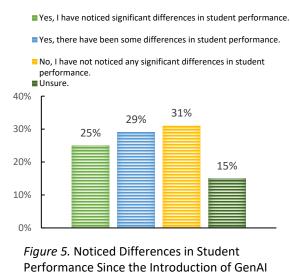
Direct Functional Benefit for Non-Native Speaker, neurodiverse

Gen Al Integration and Adoption – Academics' View

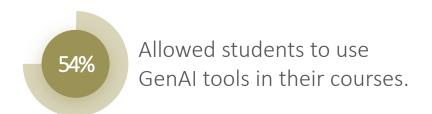
- Uncertainty and Caution: Discipline academic staff remain uncertain about GenAl's effects on student work.
- Core Concerns: regarding the potential negative impact on critical thinking, engagement, feedback, and the attainment gap among students.
- Integration Mandate: the need to build students' confidence in using GenAI as a learning tool.

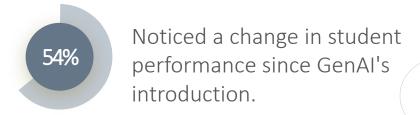


GenAl Use in Their Courses





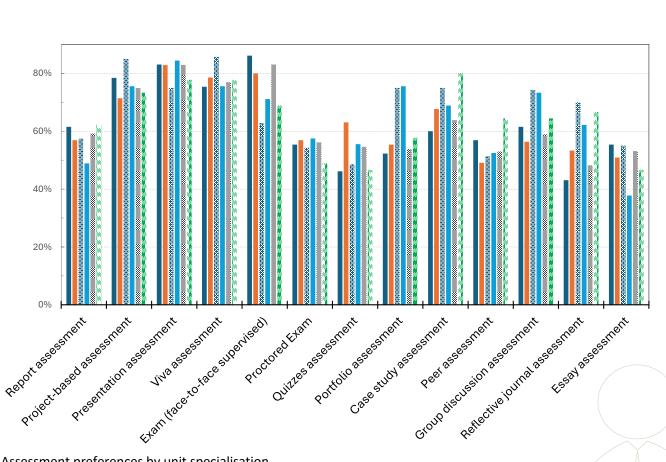






Moving forward: Academics' View

- Overhaul: Assessment Academic staff overwhelmingly believed that assessment types needed to change, requiring authentic, real-world, in-person assessments.
- **Scaffolded Learning:** An effective strategy is the use of scaffolded tasks linked to weekly coursework, find helping students information demonstrate foundational knowledge.
- Accountability and Guidance: show students how to be accountable when using GenAI in academics, prompting adjustments in marking rubrics.
- Disciplinary Differences in Assessment:
 - **STEM**: face-to-face exams to test problem-solving and technical skills.
 - Health and Human Sciences: case studies where theory was applied to real-world clinical situations.

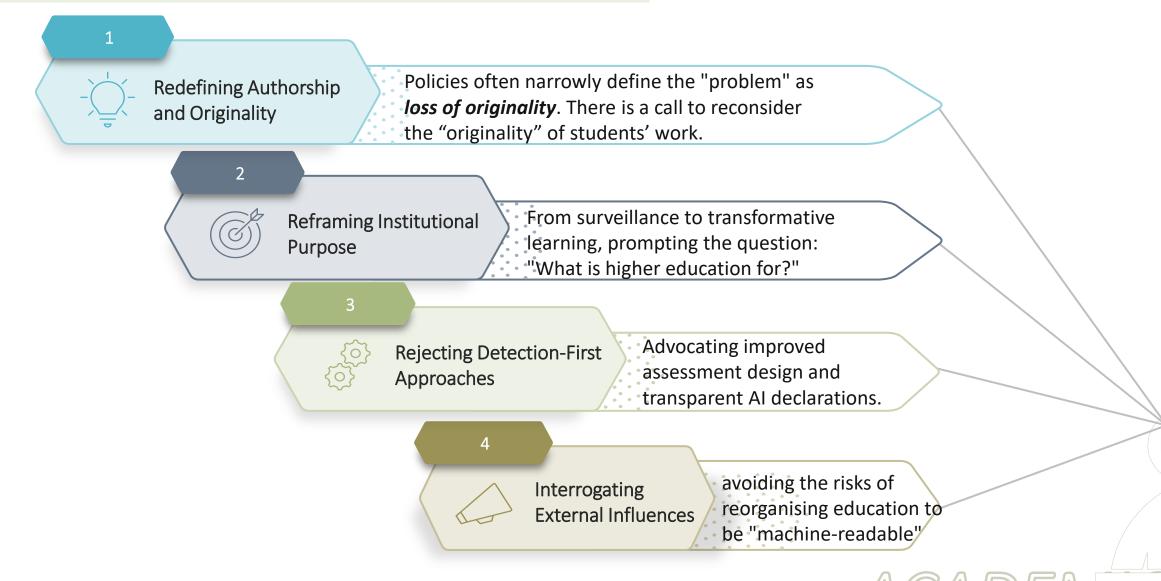


Education Futures Sustice & Society Allied Health & Human Performance, Clinical & Health

Assessment preferences by unit specialisation

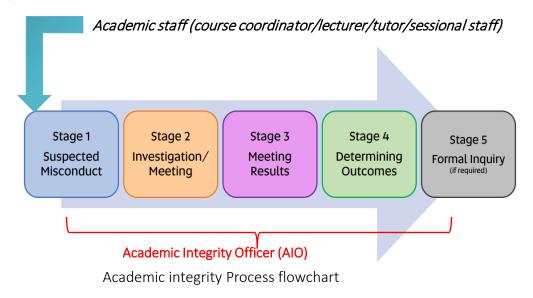


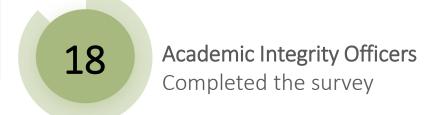
What was Unique about the Academics' View? Challenging HE's Purpose

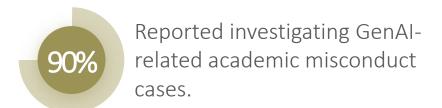


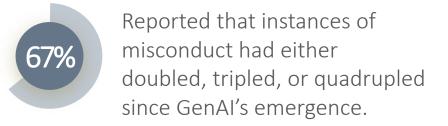
Gen Al Integration and Adoption – Academic Integrity Officers' (AIOs) View

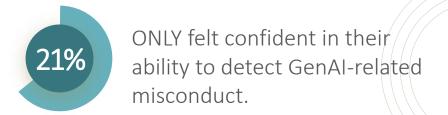
- Detection Inadequacy: AIOs' low confidence in detection, illustrating the inherent complexity of such investigations. Traditional plagiarism detection methods are generally inadequate for reliably distinguishing between genuine student work and GenAI-generated submissions. Only 24% reported a high success rate in investigations,
- Attribution of Misconduct: AIOs attributed the rise in cases primarily to students not being adequately informed by universities about the ethical and permissible use of GenAI tools.













Moving forward: AIOs' View

Prioritise educational and preventative measures over detection technologies:

- Assessment Redesign: 88.2% of AIOs support redesigning assessments.
- Ethical Discussion: 76.5% favor ethical discussions with students, compared to 39.5% for detection tools.
- Mandatory Training: Implement a compulsory first-year course on writing, researching, referencing, and ethical GenAl use.
- Motivational Messaging: Use motivational videos to highlight the value of authentic learning and job readiness over reliance on GenAl.
- Clear Guidance: Integrate GenAI literacy with clear usage guidelines.
- Accountability and Guidance: Teach students accountability in GenAl use and adjust marking rubrics accordingly.

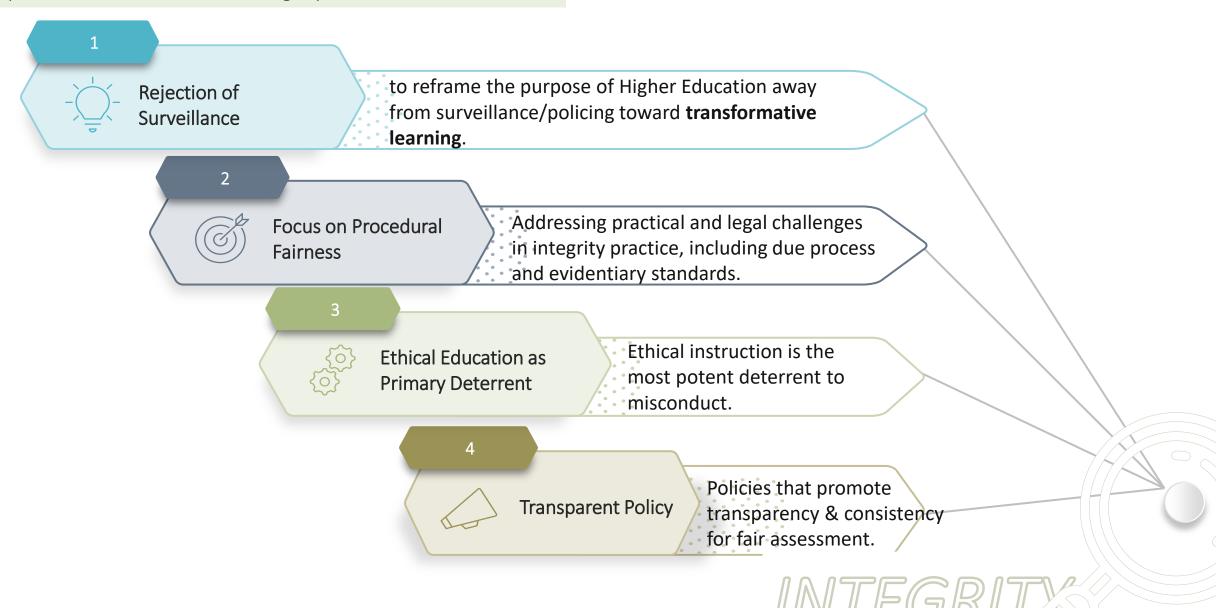


Average agreement scores for survey questions (S1 - S7)

AlOs' views on assessment security and integrity

Category	Value
S1: GenAl challenges academic integrity	67.7
S2: Permit unrestricted GenAl use	-19.5
S3: Develop GenAl detection tools	38.5
S4: Provide specific assignment guidance for students	58.8
S5: Review assessments and teaching materials	88.2
S6: GenAl ethics discussion with students	76.5
S7: Mandatory GenAl training	61.8

What was Unique about the AlOs' View? Unique Focus on Procedural Integrity and Ethics





Program/Course Development— AIOs View

Integrating AI Ethically in Education

Promote genuine learning experiences Develop disciplinespecific Al ethics Implement professional development programs

Erosion of Skills

Redesign Assessments Ethical Guidelines

Faculty Development

Integrative Skill Set

Critical thinking skills decline

Performative and interactive assessments (viva, demonstration etc)

Where GenAI is allowed, to what extent? GenAIassisted editing, idea creation etc Motivational messaging compulsory first-year course on writing, researching, referencing, and ethical GenAl use

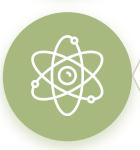
hinges on evidentiary proof

A deeper investigation should be done before AIOs proceed to interview students.

Proficient, reflective, ethical contributors



- 88.2% & 58.8%: support assessment design changes & clear guidelines



76.5% & 61.8 %: advocate ethical discussions with students & GenAl training



Only 39.5% support using detection tools



Integrating Gen-AI Ethically and Effectively in HE

6 Encourage lifelong Learning

Foster adaptability & continuous upskilling

5 Collaborate with industry

Seek a partnership for curriculum Development.

4 Promote Critical Thinking

Teach students to evaluate GenAl outputs.



1 Redesign Assessment

Shift to authentic tasks and adjust the rubric

2 Establish Ethical Guidelines

Develop discipline-specific rules

3 Build Foundational Knowledge

Ensure core disciplinary knowledge is built

Prioritised Recommendations

	PRIORITY LEVEL	RECOMMENDATION AREA	RATIONALE (LINKING TO SPECIFIC STAKEHOLDER NEEDS)
	Immediate/Critical (Integrity Focus)	Clear, Discipline-Specific Guidelines & Ethical Education	Directly addresses <i>student</i> confusion and <i>AIO</i> concerns that ethical education is the strongest deterrent over detection. Necessary for ensuring consistent integrity processes.
	High/Pedagogical (Staff/Student Focus)	Assessment Redesign (Authentic & Iterative) Learning assurance	Responds to <i>academic staff</i> demand for in-person, authentic assessments and addresses the <i>staff</i> and <i>student</i> concern about GenAl over-reliance and surface learning. This includes rewarding the responsible use of GenAl.
	Medium/Strategic (Institutional & Program Focus)	Program-Level GenAl Mapping (Vertical Scaffolding)	Addresses the <i>industry's</i> fear of loss of critical thinking. Foundational courses build knowledge, mid-level courses evaluate output, and capstone courses apply GenAI in complex tasks.
	Ongoing/Structural (Equity & Industry Focus)	Equity Measures and Embedding Professional Practice	Addresses the critical voice regarding paid tools and digital access. Embedding skills like communication and adaptability meet <i>industry expectations</i> for <i>job</i>

readiness.



THANK YOU